AMENDED CLAIMS

[Received by the International Bureau on 16 June 2005 (16.06.2005): original claims 1 to 13 replaced by amended claims 1 to 11]

What claimed is:

1. A method for suctioning a boundary layer at a surface of an aircraft having an airconditioning system, at whose flow-critical points of the surface multiple suction openings are provided for the boundary layer suctioning, the method comprising the step of:

feeding an air quantity suctioned from the surface to the air-conditioning system of the aircraft to reduce flow losses; and

discharging the air quantity suctioned to the atmosphere together with the exhaust air of the air-conditioning system via an outlet of the air-conditioning system.

2. The method of claim 1, the air-conditioning system having an air mixer, further comprising the step of:

feeding the air quantity suctioned to the air mixer unit of the air-conditioning system.

- 3. The method of claim 1, further comprising the step of:
- feeding the air quantity suctioned to a conduit connection which connects a plurality of fresh air outlets of the air-conditioning system to the air mixer unit.
- 4. The method of claim 3, further comprising the step of:

feeding the air quantity suctioned to a line connection assigned to the unpressurized line region.

5. The method of claim 1, further comprising the step of:

bringing the air quantity suctioned to cabin pressure before introducing the air quantity into a cabin region of the aircraft.

6. The method of claim 1, further comprising the step of:

adjusting at least one of a temperature and humidity of the air quantity suctioned in the air-conditioning system.

7. A device for suctioning a boundary layer at a surface of an aircraft having an airconditioning system by using suction openings for boundary layer suctioning, the openings being positioned at flow-critical points of the surface, the device comprising:

a duct system and an exhaust;

wherein the duct system feeds an air quantity suctioned from the surface to the airconditioning system of the aircraft to reduce flow losses; and

wherein the exhaust is adapted such that the air quantity suctioned exits to the atmosphere together with the exhaust air of the air-conditioning system via an outlet of the air-conditioning system.

8. The device of claim 7,

wherein the duct system is adapted to transport the air quantity suctioned discharges into an air mixer unit of the air-conditioning system.

9. The device of claim 7, further comprising:

a compression unit;

wherein the compression unit is integrated into the duct system and is adapted to bring the air quantity suctioned to cabin pressure before introduction into the air-conditioning system.

10. The device of claim 7,

wherein the suction openings are positioned in the region of at least one of a wing assembly surface and tail assembly surface as flow-critical points of the surface.

11. The device of claim 7, further comprising:

a suction source;

wherein the duct system is connected to the suction source for generating a suction effect required for the suctioning.